

**THE
TWELVE
HEALERS**

and Other Remedies

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INTRODUCTION

This system of treatment is the most perfect which has been given to mankind within living memory. It has the power to cure disease; and, in its simplicity, it may be used in the household.

It is its simplicity, combined with its all-healing effects, that is so wonderful.

No science, no knowledge is necessary, apart from the simple methods described herein; and they who will obtain the greatest benefit from this God-sent Gift will be those who keep it pure as it is; free from science, free from theories, for everything in Nature is simple.

This system of healing, which has been Divinely revealed unto us, shows that it is our fears, our cares, our anxieties and such like that open the path to the invasion of illness. Thus by treating our fears, our cares, our worries and so on, we not only free ourselves from our illness, but the Herbs given unto us by the Grace of the Creator of all, in addition take away our fears and worries, and leave us happier and better in ourselves.

As the Herbs heal our fears, our anxieties, our worries, our faults and our failings, it is these we must seek, and then the disease, no matter what it is, will leave us.

There is little more to say, for the understanding mind will know all this, and may there be sufficient of those with understanding minds, unhampered by the

trend of science, to use these Gifts of God for the relief and the blessing of those around them.

Thus, behind all disease lie our fears, our anxieties, our greed, our likes and dislikes. Let us seek these out and heal them, and with the healing of them will go the disease from which we suffer.

From time immemorial it has been known that Providential Means has placed in Nature the prevention and cure of disease, by means of divinely enriched herbs and plants and trees. The remedies of Nature given in this book have proved that they are blest above others in their work of mercy; and that they have been given the power to heal all types of illness and suffering.

In treating cases with these remedies no notice is taken of the nature of the disease. The individual is treated, and as he becomes well the disease goes, having been cast off by the increase of health.

All know that the same disease may have different effects on different people; it is the effects that need treatment, because they guide to the real cause.

The mind being the most delicate and sensitive part of the body, shows the onset and the course of disease much more definitely than the body, so that the outlook of mind is chosen as the guide as to which remedy or remedies are necessary.

In illness there is a change of mood from that in ordinary life, and those who are observant can notice this change often before, and sometimes long before, the disease appears, and by treatment can prevent the malady ever appearing. When illness has been

present for some time, again the mood of the sufferer will guide to the correct remedy.

Take no notice of the disease, think only of the outlook on life of the one in distress.

Thirty-eight different states are simply described: and there should be no difficulty either for oneself, or for another, to find that state or a mixture of states which are present, and so to be able to give the required remedies to effect a cure.

The title, *The Twelve Healers*, has been retained for this book, as it is familiar to many readers.

The relief of suffering was so certain and beneficial, even when there were only twelve remedies, that it was deemed necessary to bring these before the attention of the public at the time, without waiting for the discovery of the remaining twenty-six, which complete the series. The original twelve are indicated by asterisks.

THE 38 REMEDIES

are placed under the following

7 HEADINGS

1. FOR FEAR
2. FOR UNCERTAINTY
3. FOR INSUFFICIENT INTEREST IN PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES
4. FOR LONELINESS
5. FOR THOSE OVER-SENSITIVE TO INFLUENCES AND IDEAS
6. FOR DESPONDENCY OR DESPAIR
7. FOR OVER-CARE FOR WELFARE OF OTHERS

FOR THOSE WHO HAVE FEAR

ROCK ROSE*

The remedy of emergency for cases where there even appears no hope. In accident or sudden illness, or when the patient is very frightened or terrified, or if the condition is serious enough to cause great fear to those around. If the patient is not conscious the lips may be moistened with the remedy. Other remedies in addition may also be required, as, for example, if there is unconsciousness, which is a deep, sleepy state, Clematis; if there is torture, Agrimony, and so on.

MIMULUS*

Fear of worldly things, illness, pain, accidents, poverty, of dark, of being alone, of misfortune. The fears of everyday life. These people quietly and secretly bear their dread, they do not freely speak of it to others.

CHERRY PLUM

Fear of the mind being over-strained, of reason giving way, of doing fearful and dreaded things, not wished and known wrong, yet there comes the thought and impulse to do them.

ASPEN

Vague unknown fears, for which there can be given no explanation, no reason.

Yet the patient may be terrified of something terrible going to happen, he knows not what.

These vague unexplainable fears may haunt by night or day.

Sufferers often are afraid to tell their trouble to others.

RED CHESTNUT

For those who find it difficult not to be anxious for other people.

Often they have ceased to worry about themselves, but for those of whom they are fond they may suffer much, frequently anticipating that some unfortunate thing may happen to them.

FOR THOSE WHO SUFFER UNCERTAINTY

CERATO*

Those who have not sufficient confidence in themselves to make their own decisions.

They constantly seek advice from others, and are often misguided.

SCLERANTHUS*

Those who suffer much from being unable to decide between two things, first one seeming right then the other.

They are usually quiet people, and bear their difficulty alone, as they are not inclined to discuss it with others.

GENTIAN*

Those who are easily discouraged. They may be progressing well in illness or in the affairs of their daily life, but any small delay or hindrance to progress causes doubt and soon disheartens them.

GORSE

Very great hopelessness, they have given up belief that more can be done for them.

Under persuasion or to please others they may try different treatments, at the same time assuring those around that there is so little hope of relief.

HORNBEAM

For those who feel that they have not sufficient strength, mentally or physically, to carry the burden of life placed upon them; the affairs of every day seem too much for them to accomplish, though they generally succeed in fulfilling their task.

For those who believe that some part, of mind or body, needs to be strengthened before they can easily fulfil their work.

WILD OAT

Those who have ambitions to do something of prominence in life, who wish to have much experience, and to enjoy all that which is possible for them, to take life to the full.

Their difficulty is to determine what occupation to follow; as although their ambitions are strong, they have no calling which appeals to them above all others.

This may cause delay and dissatisfaction.

NOT SUFFICIENT INTEREST IN PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES

CLEMATIS*

Those who are dreamy, drowsy, not fully awake, no great interest in life. Quiet people, not really happy in their present circumstances, living more in the future than in the present; living in hopes of happier times, when their ideals may come true. In illness some make little or no effort to get well, and in certain cases may even look forward to death, in the hope of better times; or maybe, meeting again some beloved one whom they have lost.

HONEYSUCKLE

Those who live much in the past, perhaps a time of great happiness, or memories of a lost friend, or ambitions which have not come true. They do not expect further happiness such as they have had.

WILD ROSE

Those who without apparently sufficient reason become resigned to all that happens, and just glide through life, take it as it is, without any effort to improve things and find some joy. They have surrendered to the struggle of life without complaint.

OLIVE

Those who have suffered much mentally or physically and are so exhausted and weary that they feel they have no more strength to make any effort. Daily life is hard work for them, without pleasure.

WHITE CHESTNUT

For those who cannot prevent thoughts, ideas, arguments which they do not desire from entering their minds. Usually at such times when the interest of the moment is not strong enough to keep the mind full.

Thoughts which worry and will remain, or if for a time thrown out, will return. They seem to circle round and round and cause mental torture.

The presence of such unpleasant thoughts drives out peace and interferes with being able to think only of the work or pleasure of the day.

MUSTARD

Those who are liable to times of gloom, or even despair, as though a cold dark cloud overshadowed them and hid the light and the joy of life. It may not be possible to give any reason or explanation for such attacks.

Under these conditions it is almost impossible to appear happy or cheerful.

CHESTNUT BUD

For those who do not take full advantage of observation and experience, and who take a longer time than others to learn the lessons of daily life.

Whereas one experience would be enough for some, such people find it necessary to have more, sometimes several, before the lesson is learnt.

Therefore, to their regret, they find themselves having to make the same error on different occasions when once would have been enough, or observation of others could have spared them even that one fault.

LONELINESS

WATER VIOLET*

For those who in health or illness like to be alone. Very quiet people, who move about without noise, speak little, and then gently. Very independent, capable and self-reliant. Almost free of the opinions of others. They are aloof, leave people alone and go their own way. Often clever and talented. Their peace and calmness is a blessing to those around them.

IMPATIENS*

Those who are quick in thought and action and who wish all things to be done without hesitation or delay. When ill they are anxious for a hasty recovery.

They find it very difficult to be patient with people who are slow, as they consider it wrong and a waste of time, and they will endeavour to make such people quicker in all ways.

They often prefer to work and think alone, so that they can do everything at their own speed.

HEATHER

Those who are always seeking the companionship of anyone who may be available, as they find it necessary to discuss their own affairs with others, no matter whom it may be. They are very unhappy if they have to be alone for any length of time.

OVER-SENSITIVE TO INFLUENCES AND IDEAS

AGRIMONY*

The jovial, cheerful, humorous people who love peace and are distressed by argument or quarrel, to avoid which they will agree to give up much.

Though generally they have troubles and are tormented and restless and worried in mind or in body, they hide their cares behind their humour and jesting and are considered very good friends to know. They often take alcohol or drugs in excess, to stimulate themselves and help themselves bear their trials with cheerfulness.

CENTAURY*

Kind, quiet, gentle people who are over-anxious to serve others. They overtax their strength in their endeavours.

Their wish so grows upon them that they become more servants than willing helpers. Their good nature leads them to do more than their own share of work, and in so doing they may neglect their own particular mission in life.

WALNUT

For those who have definite ideals and ambitions in life and are fulfilling them, but on rare occasions are tempted to be led away from their own ideas, aims and work by the enthusiasm, convictions or strong opinions of others.

The remedy gives constancy and protection from outside influences.

HOLLY

For those who sometimes are attacked by thoughts
of such kind as jealousy, envy, revenge, suspicion.

For the different forms of vexation.

Within themselves they may suffer much, often
when there is no real cause for their unhappiness.

FOR DESPONDENCY OR DESPAIR

LARCH

For those who do not consider themselves as good or capable as those around them, who expect failure, who feel that they will never be a success, and so do not venture or make a strong enough attempt to succeed.

PINE

For those who blame themselves. Even when successful they think that they could have done better, and are never content with their efforts or the results. They are hard-working and suffer much from the faults they attach to themselves.

Sometimes if there is any mistake it is due to another, but they will claim responsibility even for that.

ELM

Those who are doing good work, are following the calling of their life and who hope to do something of importance, and this often for the benefit of humanity.

At times there may be periods of depression when they feel that the task they have undertaken is too difficult, and not within the power of a human being.

SWEET CHESTNUT

For those moments which happen to some people when the anguish is so great as to seem to be unbearable.

When the mind or body feels as if it had borne to the uttermost limit of its endurance, and that now it must give way.

When it seems there is nothing but destruction and annihilation left to face.

STAR OF BETHLEHEM

For those in great distress under conditions which for a time produce great unhappiness.

The shock of serious news, the loss of someone dear, the fright following an accident, and such like.

For those who for a time refuse to be consoled, this remedy brings comfort.

WILLOW

For those who have suffered adversity or misfortune and find these difficult to accept, without complaint or resentment, as they judge life much by the success which it brings.

They feel that they have not deserved so great a trial, that it was unjust, and they become embittered.

They often take less interest and less activity in those things of life which they had previously enjoyed.

OAK

For those who are struggling and fighting strongly to get well, or in connection with the affairs of their daily life. They will go on trying one thing after another, though their case may seem hopeless.

They will fight on. They are discontented with themselves if illness interferes with their duties or helping others.

They are brave people, fighting against great difficulties, without loss of hope or effort.

CRAB APPLE

This is the remedy of cleansing.
For those who feel as if they had something not quite clean about themselves.

Often it is something of apparently little importance: in others there may be more serious disease which is almost disregarded compared to the one thing on which they concentrate.

In both types they are anxious to be free from the one particular thing which is greatest in their minds and which seems so essential to them that it should be cured.

They become despondent if treatment fails.

Being a cleanser, this remedy purifies wounds if the patient has reason to believe that some poison has entered which must be drawn out.

OVER-CARE FOR WELFARE OF OTHERS

CHICORY*

Those who are very mindful of the needs of others; they tend to be over-full of care for children, relatives, friends, always finding something that should be put right. They are continually correcting what they consider wrong, and enjoy doing so. They desire that those for whom they care should be near them.

VERVAIN*

Those with fixed principles and ideas, which they are confident are right, and which they very rarely change.

They have a great wish to convert all around them to their own views of life.

They are strong of will and have much courage when they are convinced of those things that they wish to teach.

In illness they struggle on long after many would have given up their duties.

VINE

Very capable people, certain of their own ability, confident of success.

Being so assured, they think that it would be for the benefit of others if they could be persuaded to do things as they themselves do, or as they are certain is right. Even in illness they will direct their attendants.

They may be of great value in emergency.

BEECH

For those who feel the need to see more good and beauty in all that surrounds them. And, although much appears to be wrong, to have the ability to see the good growing within. So as to be able to be more tolerant, lenient and understanding of the different way each individual and all things are working to their own final perfection.

ROCK WATER

Those who are very strict in their way of living; they deny themselves many of the joys and pleasures of life because they consider it might interfere with their work.

They are hard masters to themselves. They wish to be well and strong and active, and will do anything which they believe will keep them so. They hope to be examples which will appeal to others who may then follow their ideas and be better as a result.

The English and botanical¹ name of each remedy plant is as follows:

AGRIMONY	<i>Agrimonia eupatoria</i>
ASPEN	<i>Populus tremula</i>
BEECH	<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>
CENTAURY	<i>Centaurium umbellatum</i>
CERATO	<i>Ceratostigma willmottiana</i>
CHERRY PLUM	<i>Prunus cerasifera</i>
CHESTNUT BUD	<i>Æsculus hippocastanum</i>
CHICORY	<i>Cichorium intybus</i>
CLEMATIS	<i>Clematis vitalba</i>
CRAB APPLE	<i>Malus pumila</i>
ELM	<i>Ulmus procera</i>
GENTIAN	<i>Gentiana amarella</i>
GORSE	<i>Ulex europaeus</i>
HEATHER	<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>
HOLLY	<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>
HONEYSUCKLE	<i>Lonicera caprifolium</i>
HORNBEAM	<i>Carpinus betulus</i>
IMPATIFNS	<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>
LARCH	<i>Larix decidua</i>
MIMULUS	<i>Mimulus guttatus</i>
MUSTARD	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>
OAK	<i>Quercus robur</i>
OLIVE	<i>Olea europaea</i>
PINE	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>
RED CHESTNUT	<i>Æsculus carnea</i>
ROCK ROSE	<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>
SCLERANTHUS	<i>Scleranthus annuus</i>
STAR OF BETHLEHEM	<i>Ornithogalum umbellatum</i>
SWEET CHESTNUT	<i>Castanea sativa</i>
VERVAIN	<i>Verbena officinalis</i>
VINE	<i>Vitis vinifera</i>
WALNUT	<i>Juglans regia</i>
WATER VIOLET	<i>Hottonia palustris</i>
WHITE CHESTNUT	<i>Æsculus hippocastanum</i>

WILD OAT
WILD ROSE
WILLOW

*Bromus ramosus*²
Rosa Canina
Salix Vitellina

Notes:

- 1 Changes in the Latin names used for some of the plants compared with early editions of *The Twelve Healers* are due to changes in the International Rules of Botanical Nomenclature.
- 2 There is no common English name for *Bromus ramosus*. *Bromus* is an ancient word meaning 'oat'.

METHODS OF DOSAGE

The remedies can be taken by people of all ages – there is no danger of an overdose or side effects, and should the wrong choice be made no harm will ensue. They will not be influenced by, nor will they affect any form of medicine prescribed to a person. The stock concentrates sold in shops have a 'use-by' date on them, but in practice they will keep indefinitely.

Animals and plants also benefit from this treatment.

First determine the personality and temperament – the fears, worries, emotional upsets and the subsequent effect in outlook and attitude. More than one remedy can be taken at one time, but it should not be difficult to limit your choice to within six or seven.

Dosage:

Take two drops from each chosen stock remedy in a cup of water, fruit juice or any beverage, and sip fairly frequently. Replenish cup to continue treatment if need be.

Alternatively, you can put the drops in a bottle of approx 30 mls (1 fl. oz.) capacity and fill up with natural spring water (non-gassy) and take four drops on the tongue directly from the bottle. Take as often as needed but at least four times a day, and especially first and last thing daily. Hold the dose a moment or so in the mouth before swallowing to gain the full effect (this also applies when sipped from a cup).

Such a prepared dosage or treatment bottle will remain fresh for about three weeks if stored in a cool place, or in a fridge in very warm climates. Should a preservative be necessary, add a spoonful of brandy or cider vinegar to the preparation.

Dosage drops can be added to a baby's bottle or taken in a spoonful of water.

Most remedies sold in the shops are preserved in brandy, so they should be diluted if possible to reduce the alcohol intake. If this isn't possible then drops can be taken direct from the stock bottle. Any of the remedies can be given externally by moistening the lips, behind the ears and on the wrists.

Dr Bach's original 'rescue' formula is available in shops ready-mixed. The traditional formula – the only premixed combination remedy recommended by the Bach Centre – contains Rock Rose, Star of Bethlehem, Clematis, Impatiens and Cherry Plum, and its purpose is to help in times of crisis and emergency. The dosage for this composite remedy is four drops at a time, either taken by itself in a glass of water, or mixed with other remedies in a treatment bottle. (If mixed with other remedies the 'rescue' formula counts as a single remedy, so you could add up to six further single remedies to the glass or treatment bottle.)

A cream version of the 'rescue' formula is available, which includes the cleansing remedy Crab Apple.

And may we ever have joy and gratitude in our hearts that the Great Creator of all things, in His Love for us, has placed the herbs in the fields for our healing.

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